## Systems of Equations by Elimination

## Algorithm

- 1. If necessary, multiply either or both equations by numbers which will make the coefficients of one of the variables the same but opposite in sign
- 2. Add the two equations together
- 3. Solve the resulting equation
- 4. Substitute that value into one of the given equations to find the value of the other variable
- 5. Write the solution as an ordered pair.

Solve the following systems of equations by elimination.

1. 3x - y = 12x + y = 42. 4x + 2y = 145x - 2y = 4

3. 
$$-2x + 3y = -7$$
  
 $2x + 5y = -1$ 
4.  $2x - y = 6$   
 $3x + y = 9$ 

5. 
$$3y = 4x - 10$$
  
 $2y = -4x$ 
6.  $2x + y = 11$   
 $3x - y = 4$ 

7. 2x + y = 43x - 2y = -18. 3x + y = 65x - 3y = -4

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9. 
$$3x - y = 2$$
  
 $x + 2y = 10$   
10.  $2x + 5y = 11$   
 $4x + 2y = 14$ 

11.
$$3x + 4y = -5$$
  
 $2x + 8y = -14$ 12. $3x + 5y = -20$   
 $9x + 2y = -8$ 

13.
$$3x + 2y = 7$$
  
 $4x - 3y = 5$ 14. $-2x + 3y = -6$   
 $3x + 4y = -8$ 

15.
$$4x + 5y = 3$$
  
 $3x - 2y = 8$ 16. $2x + 3y = 5$   
 $3x + 4y = 7$ 

17.
$$3x + 4y = -1$$
18. $5x + 3y = 19$  $5x + 2y = -11$  $2x + 4y = 16$ 

- 19. How are exercises 1–6 different from exercises 7–12?
- 20. Which Property of Real Numbers allows you to multiply both sides of an equation by the same number?
- 21. When you multiply both sides of an equation by the same number, what effect does that have on the graph?

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