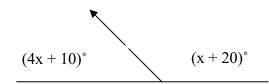
Angles Pairs

Complementary angles are two angles whose sum is 90°.

Supplementary angles are two angles whose sum is 180°.

Linear Pair – two adjacent angles whose exterior sides lie in a line, they are supplementary.

- 1. If $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are complementary angles and $m \angle A = 60^{\circ}$, find $m \angle B$.
- 2. If $\angle X$ and $\angle Y$ are complementary angles and m $\angle A = 70^{\circ}$, find the complement of $\angle X$.
- 3. If $\angle P$ and $\angle Q$ are complementary angles and $m \angle P = (2x + 10)^{\circ}$ and the $m \angle Q = (3x + 20)^{\circ}$, find the value of x.
- 4. If $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are supplementary angles and $m \angle A = 120^{\circ}$, find $m \angle B$.
- 5. If $\angle X$ and $\angle Y$ are supplementary angles and m $\angle A = 110^{\circ}$, find the complement of $\angle X$.
- 6. If $\angle P$ and $\angle Q$ are supplementary angles and $m \angle P = (2x + 10)^{\circ}$ and the $m \angle Q = (3x + 20)^{\circ}$, find the value of x.
- 7. Using the picture, find the value of x.



- 8. If $m \ge T = 60^\circ$, find the value of x, if its complement is given by $(5x + 10)^\circ$.
- 9. If m $\angle A = 100^{\circ}$, find the value of x, if its supplement is given by $(4x + 20)^{\circ}$.
- 10. If $m \ge D = (3x 10)^\circ$ and $m \ge E = (4x 20)^\circ$ and $\ge D$ and $\ge E$ are a linear pair, find the value of x.