

Borrowing Mixed Numbers

Using money, let's see what we have.

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \text{ dollars } 1 \text{ quarter} \\ - 2 \text{ dollars } 3 \text{ quarters} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

making change

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \text{ dollars } 5 \text{ quarters} \\ - 2 \text{ dollars } 3 \text{ quarters} \\ \hline 3 \text{ dollars } 2 \text{ quarters} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \frac{1}{4} \\ - 2 \frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Can't take 3 from 1 in the numerator, so borrow, $\frac{4}{4}$ and add it to the $\frac{1}{4}$ - results in $5 \frac{5}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \frac{5}{4} \\ - 2 \frac{3}{4} \\ \hline 3 \frac{2}{4} \end{array}$$

Borrowing with Mixed Numbers

1. *Find a common denominator*
2. *Make equivalent fractions*
3. *Borrow, if necessary*
4. *Subtract the numerators*
5. *Bring down the denominator*