Graphing Parabolas

3 ways

- 1. Plotting Points the Hard Way
- 2. In Vertex Form, $y = a(x h)^2 + k$, Vertex (h, k)
- 3. In General Form, $y = ax^2 + bx + c$, Vertex (-b/2a, sub)

Graphing Parabolas – Vertex Form

 $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$, vertex (h, k)

Use the parent function, $y = x^2$,

1.From the parent function, move the vertex over h and up k units.
2.Pick a convenient point, zero if possible
3.Find another point by using symmetry.

Example Graph $y = 4(x - 1)^2 + 3$

1. New vertex (1, 3)

2. Let
$$x = 0$$
, then $y = 7$, $(0, 7)$

3. Use symmetry, 3rd point is (2, 7) From the vertex, we want over 1 to the

From the vertex, we went over 1 to the left and up 4, so by using symmetry, we go over 1 to the right and up 4

