

Identifying Domains and Ranges Not Listed Explicitly as Ordered Pairs

Example Let's say you have a cell phone, the phone company charges you \$10.00 per month plus \$0.05 per text. Find the domain and range.

Without a lot of math, you know if you don't use the cell phone that month, you will be charged a flat rate of \$10.00. If you send one text, the charge will be \$10.05, 2 texts will be \$10.10, 3 texts \$10.15. If you sent 60 texts, you would be charged \$13.00.

Thinking of this mathematically, the number of texts I could send is zero or greater; $x \geq 0$. The costs would range from \$10 and up; $y \geq 10$.

$$\text{Domain} = \{x \text{ is an integer and } x \geq 0\}$$

$$\text{Range} = \{y \geq 10\}$$

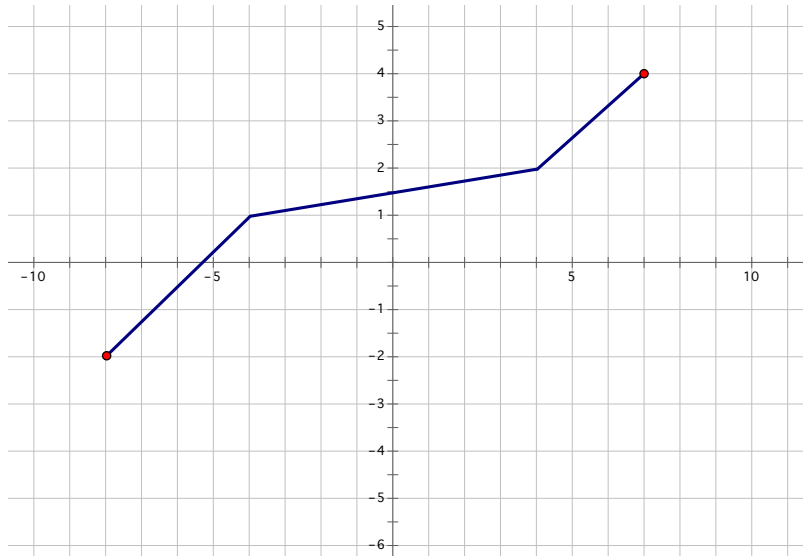
Example Identify the domain and range in the given set of ordered pairs.

$(2, 4), (5, 8), (7, 11), (9, 14)$

Domain = $\{2, 5, 7, 9\}$, the first number in an ordered pair

Range = {4, 8, 11, 14}, the second number in an ordered pair

Example Find the domain and range using a graph



Example Find the domain and range from an equation $y = \pm \sqrt{25 - x^2}$